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VOL. IV NO. 65

WEDNESDAY 13 SEPTEMBER 1978 • JEDDAH • 11 SHAWWAL 1398 A.H.

TWELVE PAGES — ONE RIYAL

'Israel will not concede'

CAMP DAVID, Maryland, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — U.S. President Carter is making a "gigantic effort" to gain concessions from Israel but there is no evidence that he is succeeding, diplomatic sources said Tuesday.

"It is too early to make a judgement either way," said one official, who asked not to be identified. "But getting Israel to move has been the problem all along, even before the summit began."

A meeting announced for Monday night between the U.S. and Egyptian delegations was postponed without explanation. However, Carter arranged to meet with President Sadat Tuesday.

With Carter acting as go-between, there has been no conference directly involving Sadat and Prime Minister Begin since Thursday.

There was no indication that the two would meet Tuesday either, but Jody Powell, sole spokesman for the participants, said Monday that Carter will bring Sadat and Begin either at an appropriate point.

The White House said Israel and Egypt are showing flexibility, but there is still no basis for predicting the outcome of the summit.

Powell flatly denied the report that Carter had failed to win any concessions from Begin despite the "gigantic effort."

Carter conferred with Sadat for 90 minutes this morning to review suggestions made by all sides for breaking the deadlock.

Powell refused to give any information at a Press briefing about the meeting and generally observed the news blackout imposed on the talks.

But he said it was wrong to talk about a settlement, as some were describing developments.

(Continued on back page)



TO ASPEN LODGE: President Carter and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat Tuesday walking to Aspen Lodge at Camp David for a bilateral meeting in the continuing efforts to reach a Middle East peace agreement (wire-photo).

On Mideast

Scheel appeals for compromise

BONN, Sept. 12 (R)—West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt in talks with President Hafez Assad of Syria Tuesday appealed for compromise from all states in the Middle East to achieve a peaceful solution.

The two leaders held two-hour talks on the Arab-Israeli conflict, the Egypt-Israel talks at Camp David and the latest fighting in Lebanon on the second day of President Assad's five-day state visit.

West German officials said Chancellor Schmidt told the Syrian president his country had an interest in peace in the Middle East and compromise was needed to bring this about.

President Assad also presented his views on the current talks at Camp David between Egypt and Israel, officials said, but gave no details.

The Syrian leader said pub-

Answering questions at a meeting of top West German businessmen in Cologne Tuesday, President Assad defended Syrian actions in Lebanon.

Council to act on mandate

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 12 (AP) — A Security Council meeting to renew the mandate of the U.N. Interim Force in Lebanon is expected next Monday morning, a spokesman here said Tuesday.

The six-month mandate expires at midnight Monday New York time. The council adopted resolutions March 19 establishing the force for that period with the assignment of confirming Israeli withdrawal from Southern Lebanon and helping restore Lebanese government authority there.

Lebanese Ambassador Ghasan Tuani wrote Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim a week ago that UNIFIL's initial six months had not been sufficient to fulfill those objectives.

The U.N. spokesman, Rudolf Stajduhar, told reporters Waldheim took that letter as Lebanon's consent to extension of UNIFIL's term.

He said Waldheim would issue a report on the subject Thursday, informal private consultations of the council would follow immediately and a public meeting of the council was expected to be called for 10:30 a.m. local time Monday.

The force consists of about 6,000 troops from Canada, France, Norway, Ireland, Fiji, Nepal, Iran, Nigeria and Senegal.

Kingdom, Japan: Peace vital

Agree on Israelis quitting Jerusalem

By Sam Hefiz and Jim Lander

TAIF, Sept. 12 — Saudi Arabia and Japan Tuesday stressed the necessity of speeding up the achievement of a just and lasting peace in the Middle East for the sake of world peace.

They also affirmed that Israel must withdraw from all territories occupied in 1967, including Jerusalem.

In a joint communique released on Japanese Prime Minister Takeo Fukuda's leaving the Kingdom, the two sides voiced their satisfaction about the growth and consolidation of Saudi-Japanese relations in recent years. Fukuda later Tuesday left here for home.

They believed that the scope of cultural exchanges should be expanded, as should academic, scientific and technological exchanges. They underlined the importance of contacts in mutual understanding.

The Japanese side voiced its keenness on cooperation with the Kingdom in every way to implement the country's development plans.

At his press conference before leaving Fukuda warned that the world faces an economic "vicious circle" between the declining value of the American dollar and future increases in the price of oil.

He warned that another large increase in oil prices would "further reduce the value of the dollar" and "may start a vicious circle that will be very difficult to stop."

He had expressed his fears of dollar devaluation and oil price increases in discussions

with Crown Prince Fahd earlier Tuesday.

"Saudi Arabia has always taken a moderate view on this matter and I appreciate this," Fukuda said. "This had been extremely helpful to the stability of the world."

"I have asked the Crown Prince that the Kingdom be good enough to continue this policy and I am sure that the Crown Prince has taken my point."

The discussion between Prince Fahd and Fukuda dealt with two topics—the world economy and the political situation in the Middle East.

Fukuda said Fahd explained in detail Saudi Arabia's views on peace.

"This helped improve my understanding of the situation," Fukuda said. "I have assured his highness that Japan wants to cooperate in any way it can."

Earlier the foreign ministers of the two countries discussed the Middle East and according to Japanese officials expressed their mutual hope that progress would be made toward a peaceful solution during the summit conference at

(Continued on back page)



JAPANESE PREMIER: Prime Minister being escorted (top) by King Khalid after their meeting Monday and (below) conferring with Crown Prince Fahd Tuesday morning.

Road to get up-grade Kingdom for King's Baha trip to decide on prices

TAIF, Sept. 12 (SPA) — The minister of communication Tuesday received a mandate from the Cabinet to prepare and surface the Aqia to Baha Road so that it can be used by King Khalid when he visits Baha shortly.

In a 75-minute meeting here Tuesday evening under Crown Prince Fahd, the Cabinet reviewed the arrangements for the King's visit. The crown prince ordered a four-member ministerial committee set up to assess the needs of the area.

The committee will consist of the ministries of municipal and rural affairs, agriculture, communications and health.

Sheikh Hussein Mansouri, the minister of communications and acting information minister, said that the prince ordered the study, covering basic facilities in the area, to be carried out immediately.

The Cabinet approved a request by the communications minister to sign a contract with

Binluden Establishment to build the remaining two parts of the Najran to Sharoura road as soon as possible.

The Cabinet agreed on setting up a three-member committee to examine the request of the PTT minister that he implement the ministry's telephone improvement project with Bell Canada.

The committee will be made up of the ministers of finance, planning and PTT.

A memorandum submitted by the PTT minister on his readiness to meet the requirements of the fast-growing major cities was reviewed.

The minister proposed installing 280,000 new lines. They would have unified maintenance.

(Continued on back page)

In Iran

Clergyman, pressmen arrested

TEHRAN, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Security forces acting under martial law arrested a clergyman, several journalists and a former cabinet member Tuesday in a sweeping government clampdown on opposition groups.

The clergyman, Sheikh Yahya Nasiri Noori, was charged with a plot against the security of the state by stirring up protest demonstrations.

Sheikh Yahya, the most prominent of those taken into custody, was arrested on charges of staging an uprising against the state and inciting people to burn public and private property, banks and cinemas, an official spokesman said.

Both the Majlis and the Senate are expected to vote overwhelmingly for the new government at the end of their respective debates on its policies.

The martial law spokesman was reported as saying that a search of Ayatollah Khomeini's house in Tehran's Jaleh district, scene of the Friday clashes, yielded documents, duplicating machines, gold, jewelry and the equivalent of thousands of dollars in cash and cheques.

For the third successive day, no incidents were reported Tuesday and the capital, Tehran, was calm, as the government proceeded with its program to rid the administration of corrupt elements.

Meanwhile the leader of an opposition party charged Tuesday that recently-formed government of Prime Minister Jafar Sharif-Emami was illegal because it had not won a parliamentary vote of confidence.

The government newspaper

"Rastakhiz" said a dossier on alleged mismanagement of the Atomic Energy Organization of Iran (OEOI) which has the task of building 20 nuclear power plants by the end of this century, has been forwarded to judicial authorities.

Monday the military authorities said former health minister Sheikhol Islai-Zadeh and seven senior civil servants and businessmen had been arrested.

Scores of government officials and businessmen were also being sought as part of the government's anti-corruption drive.

Earlier Monday premier Emami told the Senate that the government will lift martial law and the curfew in Tehran and 11 other major cities when the situation calmed down.

The prime minister guaranteed the public complete freedom provided the opposition respected the constitution. Under the constitution no one has the right to insult the monarchy or the Shah.

saudi business

ON SALE TOMORROW

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Lebanon asks Libya to help trace Sadr

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (R) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis Tuesday asked Libyan Head of State Muammar Qaddafi for help in tracing Imam Moussa Sadr, the spiritual leader of Lebanon's Shiite Muslim community, who disappeared after leaving Beirut to visit Tripoli more than two weeks ago.

The official National News Agency, reporting the contact, said Prime Minister Salim Hoss had also discussed the disappearance of Sadr, 50, with Libyan Prime Minister Abdul Salam Jalloud.

Jalloud told Hoss that the Imam and his party had left Tripoli for Rome on August 31 on an Alitalia flight, but there had been no further word of them, the agency said.

It said a special security team was being sent to Tripoli and Rome to investigate the affair, and the cabinet would hold an extraordinary meeting Wednesday to discuss the latest information.

Nabatiyeh shelled

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (UPI) — Late-night violence continued into early Tuesday near Lebanon's southern border with Israel on the heels of Beirut's first day of relative calm since fierce fighting erupted last week between Syrian peacekeeping troops and Israeli-armed Christian militias.

Christian militiamen near the southeast border unleashed 155mm. artillery fire late Monday night on the Nabatiyeh, some 7 miles (12 km) inland, reports from the area said, and the shelling continued past midnight into early Tuesday.

Two persons were killed and five wounded when Nabatiyeh was shelled Tuesday, local residents said.

Four Israeli gunboats were also sighted Monday off the southwest coast between the Port of Tyre and Zahrani.

In Beirut, there was relative calm Monday for the first time since rocket, shell and machine-gun duels exploded Thursday night.

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Majed views towns, planning in Spain

By a Staff Reporter

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 — Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs Prince Majed Tuesday morning held talks on urban planning and development at the Spanish state holding company INI in Madrid.

Prince Majed arrived in Madrid Monday from Geneva for a short tour of Spain as guest of King Juan Carlos. He was met at the airport by Spanish Minister of Public Works and Urban Development Garriquez Walker and the Marquis of Mondejar, chief of royal protocol.

The Spanish holding company was recently awarded through its consultancy arm INITEC, the management services for eight rural electrification projects in the Kingdom. The contract, worth SR 29 million in the first instance, was the first major public-sector contract awarded Spanish business.

According to the Spanish embassy in Jeddah, Prince Majed was scheduled to attend meetings on urban development Tuesday afternoon. The prince was also due to make a helicopter tour to examine planning methods in the city.

Wednesday, Prince Majed will hold working sessions at the Ministry of Public Works before leaving for Malaga in southern Spain to inspect urban development along the

Costa del Sol, Spain's southern Mediterranean coast.

After arrival Monday, Prince Majed was entertained to a dinner at the Zarzuela Palace in Madrid by King Juan Carlos.

He is expected to return to the Kingdom on Sept. 15.

Student groups to make tours in 6 countries

RIYADH, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Education Minister Dr Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwailid has approved six tours for Saudi students to Muslim countries, it was announced here Tuesday.

The six countries are: Tunisia, Morocco, Egypt, Turkey, Pakistan and Iran.

The tours are designed to acquaint Saudi students with other parts of the Arab and Muslim nations and to give them the chance of making friends there.

The 15-day tours begin this month. They will be preceded by a five-day preparatory camp at the Student Hostel in Mecca.

The students will be selected by educational zones and the Youth Welfare Department of the Ministry of Education. Travel will be arranged by the Western Province's Education Administration.

University Interviews
Interviews for candidates for the schools of medicine and dentistry at Riyadh University will take place, Sept. 23-27, the university announced Tuesday.

The interviews will be held at the school of medicine from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. men and from 5 p.m. to 8 p.m. for women.

A supplementary examination for eligible candidates for the high Institute of Islamic Propagation will be held next Tuesday. New students will be interviewed at 10 a.m. Saturday.



BIDS FAREWELL: Crown Prince Fahd, escorting Japanese Premier Takeo Fukuda at the close of their talks in Taif Tuesday.



FOREIGN MINISTERS: Prince Saud Al-Faisal listens to Japanese Foreign Minister Sumao Sonoda at the ministers' talks in Taif Monday.

Dammam Municipality to install floodlights

DAMAM, Sept. 12 (SPA) — The city of Dammam is to have floodlighting, the city mayor said Tuesday.

Mayor Abdul Aziz Al-Turaiqi said that the city was constructing a 20-meter tower in the central Saa Square.

The tower will have eight powerful lamps with mercury filaments.

Additional floodlights are envisaged by the municipality to embellish the city, Turaiqi said.

Among other city embellishment projects, Turaiqi said, that several streets were being

paved, notably Street No. 13 in the commercial district of the town.

Afghan leader cables Khaled

TAIF, Sept. 12 (SPA) — King Khaled Tuesday received a cable from Afghan President Muhammad Tarakki in reply to the King's message on his country's independence anniversary.

Tarakki, thanked King Khaled for his cable and wished him health and happiness and the Saudi people further progress and prosperity.

Syrian premier receives farm minister

DAMASCUS, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Syrian Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Al-Halabi Tuesday met Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh, Saudi minister of agriculture and water.

Ahmad Qabalan, Syrian minister of agriculture and agrarian reform, attended the meeting.

Dr. Al-Sheikh is attending the 14th regional Near East conference of the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), which began here last Sunday.

After the meeting, Al-Sheikh told SPA that the two sides discussed agricultural cooperation. The Syrian premier responded favorably to the idea of broadening the scope of joint agricultural activity, he said.

Earlier Tuesday morning, the Saudi minister visited the Arab Company for the Development of Animal Resources.

Dr. Al-Sheikh conferred with company officials on future joint venture projects and the ongoing scheme to reclaim and develop 5,000 hectares of marginal land in Qasim for animal feed.

The Saudi minister signed a contract for the project in May with Dr. Naim Suma, chairman of the company.

Saudi Arabia owns 20 per cent of the joint-stock company, which is capitalized at 60 million Kuwaiti dinars.

Sheikh Abdul Mohsin Al-Zaid, Saudi ambassador to Syria, gave a dinner party Tuesday in honor of Dr. Al-Sheikh.

Jordan sending new ambassador

JEDDAH, Sept. 12 (SPA) — Jordan's Ambassador-designate to Saudi Arabia Tharwat Al-Talhouni arrives here Wednesday evening to take up his new posting.

Talhouni has filled several posts in the Jordanian government. He was minister of the interior from 1974 to 1976, and was appointed ambassador at the Jordanian foreign office in 1978.

Talhouni, 56, holds a Bachelor's degree in Pharmacology.

Leaders and members of the delegations participating in the FAO conference attended the dinner.

SPA adds: Saudi Arabia is to attend the sixth International Conference on Cereals to be held in Canada Sept. 16 through 21. It was announced here Tuesday.

Dr. Ahmed Abdul Qader Shinawi, director general for grain silos and flour mills, who will represent the King at the conference, will address the opening session on the development of foodgrains in Kingdom and state subsidies to cereal farmers to increase local output.

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Handwritten signature: Jafar

17 Somali officers to be executed for abortive coup

MOGADISHU, Sept. 12 (R) — Seventeen Somali army officers were sentenced to death today convicted of masterminding and executing an abortive coup against President Muhammad Siad Barre last April.

The National Security Court passed jail sentences of between three and 30 years on the defendants.

The ranks of the 74 accused ranged from sergeant to bri-

gadier general. The court released 21 for lack of evidence.

The attempt by air force and army units overthrow Siad Barre's government was crushed by loyal troops after fighting involving tanks on the western outskirts of Mogadishu.

Former police chief Abdullah Muhammad Hassan was sentenced to 28 years jail and fined \$8,000 for nepotism and for failing to report the April 9 coup to the authorities.

The defendants were tried in two groups during the last two months. The prosecution demanded the death sentence for 17 of 20.

Ould Daddah may be tried by new leader

RABAT, Sept. 12 (R) — Former Mauritanian President Mokhtar Ould Daddah, deposed in a coup two months ago, may soon be put on trial, the military leader who replaced him said Tuesday.

Lt.-Col. Mustapha Ould Salek, interviewed by the Moroccan weekly "Al-Maghrib Hebdo," said Ould Daddah and officials of his regime faced "an objective, non-partisan and equitable appraisal of their past action."

"I can guarantee that no personally motivated action will be taken against them." But he refused to comment further, as to do so might prejudice justice.

Ould Daddah and top officials in his elected government have been under house arrest since the July 10 army take over. According to Ould Salek, the coup was sparked by "the political, economic and moral deterioration of the country."

Numeiri to visit U.S. next week

KHARTOUM, Sept. 12 (AP) — Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri will pay his first official visit to the United States Sept. 19, the official Sudanese News Agency has said.

Numeiri will confer with President Carter Sept. 21 and will meet leading businessmen in California. He will also address the United Nations General Assembly in his capacity as chairman of the Organization of African Unity, the agency said Monday.

Numeiri's tour will include stops in West Germany, Belgium and Spain. He will be accompanied by his Vice-President and Foreign Minister Rashid Al-Taber, Minister of



President Numeiri Economy Osman Hashim, and legal and press advisers.

Front pledges to fight Ethiopia to the finish

MOGADISHU, Sept. 12 (R) — The Somali Liberation Front fighting a guerrilla war in the southern Ethiopian provinces of Sidamo and Bale pledged Tuesday on the fourth anniversary of the Ethiopian revolution, to fight to the end.

Four years ago Tuesday the Ethiopian military regime deposed the late Emperor Haile Selassie.

A statement from the Somali Abo Liberation Front (SALF) said Ethiopian Head of State Mengistu Haile Mariam, a native of Sidamo would be gravely mistaken if he believed victory over the libera-

tion forces would come through superiority of arms. "We cannot compromise with colonialists and oathing less than freedom and independence can satisfy our people."

Neither sophisticated weapons nor "Russian and Cuban imperialist troops" would cow the liberation movements which would fight to the bitter end.

The SALF's inroads into Ethiopia's southern provinces were largely checked earlier this year when Soviet arms and Cuban troops came to the aid of the Ethiopians.

Three killed as gunmen free 4 convicts from Turkish jail

ANKARA, Sept. 12 (R) — Two prison wardens and a gendarme were killed Monday when four men raided a jail in the southeastern Turkish town of Gaziantep to free convicts.

The four unidentified men freed three men convicted of murder and one sentenced for armed robbery, although first reports indicated that political

extremists may have been involved. Security forces threw up cordons around the town in an effort to capture the fugitives.

In continuing political violence Monday, one student was killed in a clash between rival groups in Istanbul, and a man died in an armed assault at Elazig in eastern Turkey.

Teachers, government compromise unlikely

Israeli strike hits million children

TEL AVIV, Sept. 12 (R) — About one million school children — nearly a third of Israel's total population — stayed away from their classrooms Tuesday on the second day of a countrywide teachers' strike for higher salaries.

The teachers and the government forecast a lengthy strike as neither side appeared ready to compromise.

The Ministry of Finance says it will agree to a maximum increase of 15 per cent in line with the government's policy but the teachers want raises of 25 per cent and more.

The effects of the strike went beyond the disruption of school programs. Some parents did not report for work because they had to care for their children. Other parents took their children along to their jobs.

The police said they expected an increase in juvenile crime. In an effort to keep children off the streets, the government asked movie theaters to schedule morning performances for children and charge reduced prices. Museums arranged special events and admission for school children was free or at a nominal charge.

There was no rush, but record shops and lending libraries reported brisk activity.

In another move to keep the young out of mischief, the

state-owned television and radio stations transmitted special programs in the morning.

Officials stressed that the activities were not meant to help

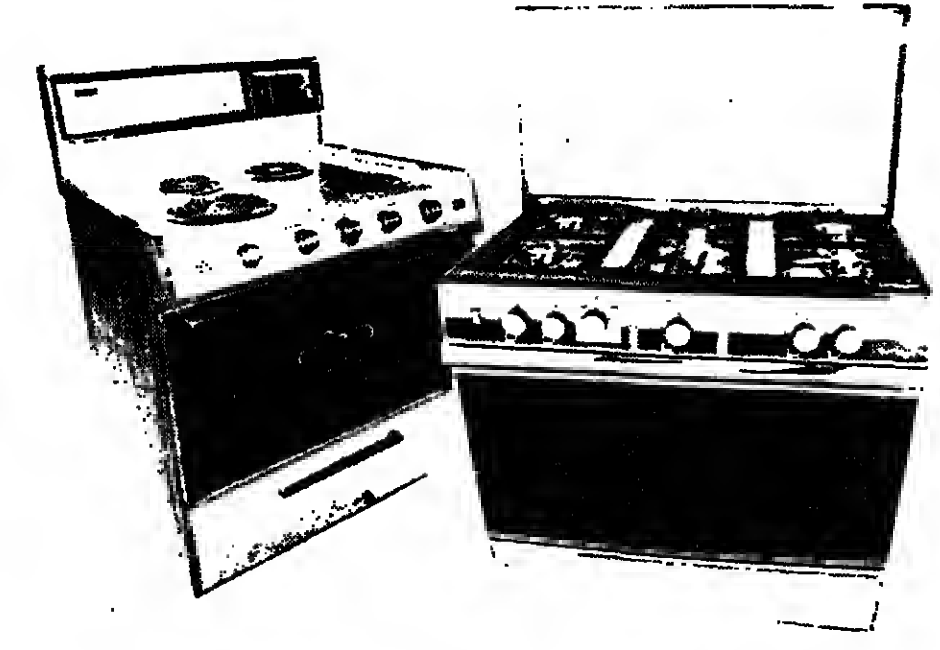
break the strike but only to assure the well-being and safety of children.

Teachers in frontier villages and in schools for the retarded or the handicapped were per-

mitted by the union to hold classes.

Schools in the ultra-religious Agudat Yisrael system also functioned.

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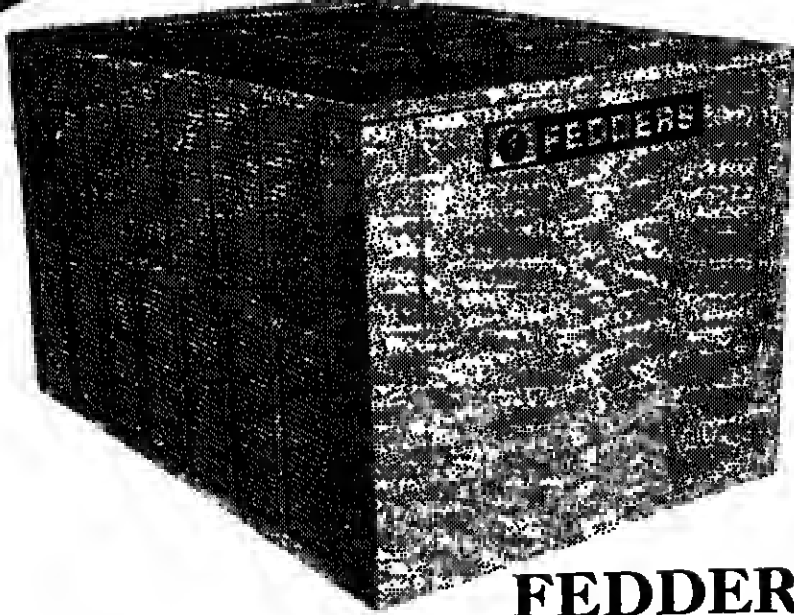


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Mugabe also in Addis

Castro arrives in Ethiopia

NAIROBI, Sept. 12 (UPI)—Cuban President Fidel Castro is paying his first visit to Africa in more than a year Tuesday — a time of rising tensions and escalating warfare in the southern part of the continent.

An Addis Ababa radio broadcast did not indicate whether Castro, whose government maintains an estimated 30,000 combat troops on the continent, would visit other African nations on his tour.

But it disclosed that Robert Mugabe, a co-leader of Rhodesia's Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance, whose forces have received Cuban training, had arrived in the Ethiopian capital.

While the two visits could be explained by coincidence, there was immediate speculation that Mugabe and Castro would meet to discuss the deteriorating situation in Rhodesia, where a multi-racial interim government has assumed partial martial law to cope with escalating guerrilla attacks.

Castro's government has an estimated 12,000 troops stationed in Ethiopia, 18,000 men in Angola, and hundreds of advisers in a dozen other countries, including Mozambique, which borders Rhodesia.

Castro's policy of sending combat troops to take part in African wars has raised serious concerns in Western capitals, particularly the United States, which sees the soldiers



Fidel Castro

Court tries ex-Nazi for POW deaths

COLONGE, Sept. 12 (AP)—Former Nazi concentration camp commander Walter Knop went on trial Monday for allegedly murdering at least 159 Polish and Russian prisoners of war held at the Gassen Camp near what is now the Polish city of Wroclaw.

Knop allegedly shot prisoners who collapsed from weakness during a forced march toward Leipzig in the West. In some cases, the state prosecution charges, he ordered Austrian dogs to savage the prisoners.

as surrogates for Soviet expansion.

Castro's policy in Africa is often cited as the major reason why the Carter administration has not moved to establish relations with Havana, although Castro has indicated he is interested in such an improvement in relations.

During Castro's last trip to Africa last spring, he reportedly attempted to arrange a Marxist federation among Ethiopia, Somalia and southern Yemen across the strait of Bab el Mandeb, but the Somalis rejected the idea.

In addition to the Horn of Africa, he also visited Angola and Mozambique.

While Ethiopia and Cuba maintain cordial relations as the result of Havana's continuing military assistance, there have been major policy differences between the two governments.

Earlier this year it was reported that the Ethiopian government expelled the Cuban Ambassador and his top minister following an alleged plot to smuggle into the country a banned civilian politician who apparently hoped to revive a civilian political party to replace Ethiopia's military regime. The politician was given refuge in the Cuban embassy.

In addition, although Cuba continues to keep a large military contingent in Ethiopia, it has refused to place those troops at the disposal of the government to help fight secessionist guerrillas in the northern province of Eritrea.

In a dispatch from Khartoum, however, "Le Monde" said, "Cuban soldiers are taking direct part in the Ethiopian offensive in Eritrea and they have suffered a number of losses."

"Cuban pilots are flying Soviet MiGs and their advisors, are manning artillery batteries backing the Addis Ababa troops." The paper quoted three refugees as asserting they have seen some 2,000 Cubans adding that advancing Ethiopian troops have unleashed "red terror" in recaptured areas.



MARTYRED: This photograph of Steve Biko in his coffin was taken by a mourner and flashed around the world. The head wound is clearly visible and increased international skepticism about the inquest's verdict.

Peking press in N.Y. lifts eyebrows, hopes

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (AP)—Tseng Gao, director of the Hsinhua News Agency said Monday the United States and China should unite to confront Moscow and added emphatically there need be no fear of a foreseeable Chinese rapprochement with the Russians.

He also said there should be a 100 percent increase in journalistic exchanges so that the two countries can better understand each other.

The Hsinhua began the first day of their tour as guests of AP with visits to New York City including the Stock Exchange, an institution whose frenetic activity excited considerable curiosity.

William M. Batten, the exchange's chairman, explained painstakingly how the system operated but was hard put to say exactly what he did on a daily basis. He elicited smiles and appreciation when he said he attended meetings and followed Mao's advice to keep them short.

Both the Chinese and Banen, a former member of the U.S. Committee for Trade with China, expressed wishes for greater trade now that the Chinese have embarked on an ambitious program of industrial expansion.

The Chinese visited the Waterfront, where they were gratified to see an old four-master sailing ship called "Peking", and paused to examine the graffiti on the stone arch of Washington Square which contained criticism of the American system, the Moonies and Yuppies. After these last two were explained, a member nodded and said:

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Pretoria arrests Biko intimates on 1st anniversary of his death

JOHANNESBURG, Sept. 12 (Agencies) — Security Police detained at least 18 friends and relatives of black consciousness leader Steve Biko Tuesday on the first anniversary of his death, using powers under the Internal Security Act to seize people without explanation or charges.

Police confirmed 11 of the detentions, including that of Biko's sister Nobandile Mvovo and her husband Mxolisi Mvovo. Many of those detained are either former detainees or banned persons restricted to their homes and prohibited from making public statements. The arrests were apparently intended to prevent any public commemoration of Biko's death. No memorial services had been publicly announced at the time of the detentions.

Police and Justice Minister Jimmy Kruger had "no comment on this stage" on the detentions.

Last week, he personally ordered prominent Soweto leader Dr. Nkhato Mofokeng silenced for a month — again without explanation, but apparently to prevent him from making any public statements on Biko's death.

For the conservative Afrikaners who dominate the South African government, Biko represents "Swartgevaar," the black danger they see threatening to engulf them.

Steve Biko's name is still seen in South African newspapers. Sometimes it is in stories from overseas, as when a town square in Holland was named after him, or a play written about him, or plans

made for a film about him. It is also cited when the question of police treatment of detainees is raised, and especially when editorial writers consider the impact of that treatment on South Africa's image abroad.

Biko's death and the inquest brought a storm of protest from the outside world. At the inquest, lawyer Sydney Kentridge, representing the Biko family in three weeks of cross-examination of security police, said: "He died miserable and lonely death in a mat on a stone floor in prison cell."

The description of Biko's treatment which emerged at the inquest was harrowing to foreigners and many South Africans alike.

He was kept naked in a prison cell without exercise. He was chained hand and foot in a Security Police office. Eventually he was placed in the back of a land-rover and driven 1200 kilometers through the night from Port Elizabeth to Pretoria, where he died of brain injuries.

Nixon crosses Thailand off his itinerary

BANGKOK, Sept. 12 (AP)—Former U.S. President Richard Nixon has called off his planned visit to Thailand originally scheduled for sometime late this month, a spokesman for the foreign ministry said Tuesday. A cable from Nixon's staff which arrived at the foreign ministry Monday did not specify the reason for the cancellation.

There have been recent reports that the governments of several countries which Nixon had expressed his desire to visit, gave him "cool" answers, hoping that the silence about his request will force Nixon to realize they would consider his presence an embarrassment.

Police kill 'paralyzed' jail breaker

BEACON, New York, Sept. 12 (AP)—Escaped killer Rube Garrow was shot and killed near a New York state prison two days after he escaped, the state corrections department said Monday.

Department spokesman, R. by Ryles said Garrow, 42, was spotted Monday evening, armed with a pistol. Garrow shot at troopers and the fired back, killing him, he said.

The shootout ended a massive hunt through heavily wooded terrain.

State prison authorities said Garrow, who was partially paralyzed five years ago, had been sent to a building housing elderly and disabled prisoners because he was confined to a wheelchair.

The chair was found in an empty cell Saturday morning. It was not clear how he escaped or whether he was standing, walking or running when he was killed.

Ms. Ryles said earlier Monday there was "absolutely no evidence" that Garrow was faking paralysis that prison doctors said affected his left leg and arm.

Polish farmers organize revolt against 'unjust' pension program

WARSAW, Sept. 12 (R)—A "peasants' revolt" over a new pension program for Poland's farmers appeared to be spreading Tuesday.

A statement issued through the dissident Public Self-Defense Committee said nearly 200 private farmers in the Grojec district, about 40 kilometers south of Warsaw, met

on Saturday to establish a peasants' committee to campaign for changes in the program.

The Grojec group's formation follows the setting up of a similar group near Lublin in the southeast in July.

The Grojec group vowed to resist attempts to collect the next quarterly instalment of their pension contributions. It

described the program as "unjust" and demanded changes in the scheme.

A 1977 law gives old age pensions for the first time to peasants who leave their land to heirs. But many object to the contributions—a third of the program's finance—and argue that industrial workers' pensions are non-contributory.



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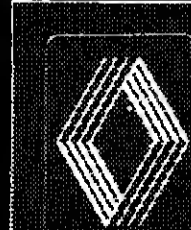
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Turkey must curb inflation, attract investment--OECD

ANKARA, Sept. 12 (R)—Turkey should give high priority to bringing down its near 10 per cent annual inflation and attract more foreign investment, the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) said today.

A spokesman told a conference after talking with Turkish leaders on their economic situation that the country should also act to increase productivity and boost exports.

He said Turkey must give priority to fighting the

Algeria chairman alleges U.S. stymied U.N. panel

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 12 (AP)—Members of the U.N. Committee on World Economy accepted a new policy statement for the committee, but then were blocked by the United States, the committee chairman has charged.

The 149-nation committee is a general U.N. body aimed at spurring North-South economic negotiations in specialized U.N. bodies.

Committee Chairman Idriss Jazairi of Algeria said that the United States had blocked agreement that the general body should engage in negotiations.

A policy statement he had proposed to make Friday on its decision-making process, "while accepted by all the members of the committee, was then called into question by one member"—the United States.

He said all members had accepted the statement Thursday night subject to the approval of their governments but the following day the U.S. delegate—Robert Hormats—had reported that "his government could not approve it."

An American official, asking not to be named, told a reporter the United States feared that if the committee could negotiate, it would "pre-empt negotiations" by bodies like the

Iraq to lend S. Yemen \$15m

BAGHDAD, Sept. 12 (R)—South Yemen will receive a \$15,200,000 loan from Iraq under an agreement signed here Tuesday, the Iraq News Agency reported.

It said the loan would cover South Yemen's share of the \$30 million South Yemen-Iraqi fishing company established last year.

Under an agreement, signed at the time, South Yemen put up 58 per cent of the company's capital, and Iraq 49 per cent.

It permits Iraqi trawlers to fish in South Yemeni territorial waters in return for a percentage of the catch.

Japan to help China develop oil, coal

PEKING, Sept. 12 (R)—Japan and China agreed in general terms Thursday to cooperate in developing China's oil and coal resources.

Japanese International Trade and Industry Minister Togo Komoto, who arrived Monday for a five-day visit, met Chinese Petroleum Minister Sung Chen-mit and Coal Minister Hsiao Han Tuesday.

At a press briefing afterward, Komoto said he had told Sung the Tokyo government was prepared to support and cooperate with Japanese companies involved in Chinese oil development.

Progress made in Iran oil accord talks

TEHRAN, Sept. 12 (R)—The state-owned National Iranian Oil Company said Tuesday important advances had been made in a fresh round of talks with Western companies on a new oil agreement.

It gave no details, but said discussions would continue until there was full agreement on all subjects.

The meeting was held on Saturday at the NIOC headquarters in Tehran.

The two sides held their last round of negotiations, lasting six days, in late July.

Both Iran and the consortium of 14 British, American, Dutch and French firms are seeking to replace the existing 20-year accord which both parties find unsuitable in the changed situation of the international oil industry.

The consortium exports the bulk of Iran's crude oil.

John Sutcliffe, a managing director of British Petroleum, is the leader of the consortium delegation.

Soviet grain harvest outlook reported good

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 (AP)—Prospects continue bright that the Soviet Union will harvest a near-record grain crop this year of around 220 million tons, the U.S. Agriculture Department has said.

The department said Monday that "information available through early September suggests" that chances remain about two out of three that the total Soviet harvest will range between 210 million and 230 million tons.

"The current forecast for total grain production is 220 million tons, which is unchanged from the level forecast in early August, and equal to the Soviet plan for 1978 production," the report said.

Soviet grain output last year was 195.5 million metric tons, sharply below Moscow's planned goal of 213.3 million metric tons.

"Good progress in grain harvesting," said the report, "has been made after a late, slow start in July."

At 220 million tons, the 1978 harvest would be the third largest on record, exceeding that of 223.8 million in 1976 and 222.5 million harvested in 1973.

The report said that while the overall grain estimate is the same as a month ago, the proportion of some grains in this year's harvest has changed somewhat from prospects then.

Tokyo minister announces:


Japan to help China develop oil, coal

that China believed it was possible to develop "10 Tachings". Tachings in the northeast is China's biggest oilfield and the Peking government has talked of developing 10 similar sized fields in the next 20 years.

According to Komoto, Sung stated that China looked forward to cooperating with Japan in oil development.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Directorate of Telegraph and Telex, Central Province	Purchase of furniture	1	10	Sept. 17
* Educational Supervision Office, Onaizah	Purchases of printed material	2	25	Sept. 24
* Department of Education, Tabuk	Securing of sports uniform	1	Free	Oct. 2
* Municipality of Hail	Scouts education	2	x	Sept. 16
* Municipality of Tabuk	Lavatories	x	x	Oct. 2
	Operation, maintenance and repairs of power generators at schools for 78/79	13/M	500	Nov. 25
	Tearing down and removing of rubble from Governorate street, Al-Jadid street, Basatin street, the street running parallel to the railway campus and two parking areas	xx	1500	Sept. 30
* Directorate General of Municipal and Rural Affairs, Western Province	Completion of remaining work at a small slaughterhouse in Umluj	xx	100	Sept. 16



PORT MANAGEMENT

Dammam Saudi Arabia

Daily Ships Working And Fresh Arrivals

CHANGES PAST 24 HRS. DATE: 10-10-98/12-9-78 TIME: 0915 HRS.

Vessels Working	Name of	Agent	Type of cargo	Arr. Date
Berth No.	the Ship			
1	TERRIER	BARBER	GEN/CONTAINERS	10/9
2	AMSTELBRINK	KANOO	BUILDING MATERIAL	10/9
3	IRISH ROWAN	GLOBE	GEN/TIMB/STL	6/9
4	TORREN MAERSK	KANOO	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9
5	LAMTONG CHAU	U.E.P.	GEN/CONTAINERS	9/9
6	AL FARWANIAH	KANOO	GEN/STEEL/CONTS.	2/9
7	ARAB AL HIAZ	S.C.S.A	LOADING UREA	3/9
8	DONA AMALIA	KANOO	BULK BENTONITE	9/9
9	TALABOT	BARBER	GENERAL	9/9
10	TAMANO	BARBER	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9
11	PATRICIA	ALIREZA	GEN/CONTAINERS	8/9
12	KHADIAN	GOSAIBI	C. CEMENT	8/9
13	WORLD EMBLEM	S.M.C.	C. CEMENT	27/8
14	OLYMPIC POWER	S.E.A.	C. CEMENT	6/9
15	NEW COURAGE	GOSAIBI	C. CEMENT	27/8
16	EASTERN WAVE	ALIREZA	BULK CEMENT	27/8
17	RAUNFELS	ALIREZA	RO RO/CONTAINERS	12/9

Vessels Working at Anch.

SOVEREIGN STAR	S.E.A.SIA	C. CEMENT	10/9
EVY L	GLOBE	STEEL/TIMBER	6/9
MARIANNA NL	A.E.T.	C. CEMENT	8/9
TOURKAL	S.E.A.SIA	C. CEMENT	4/9
NIKKEL MARU NO.2	U.E.P.	C. CEMENT	7/9
TAI SHOU	GOSAIBI	GENERAL	10/9

Recent Arrivals:

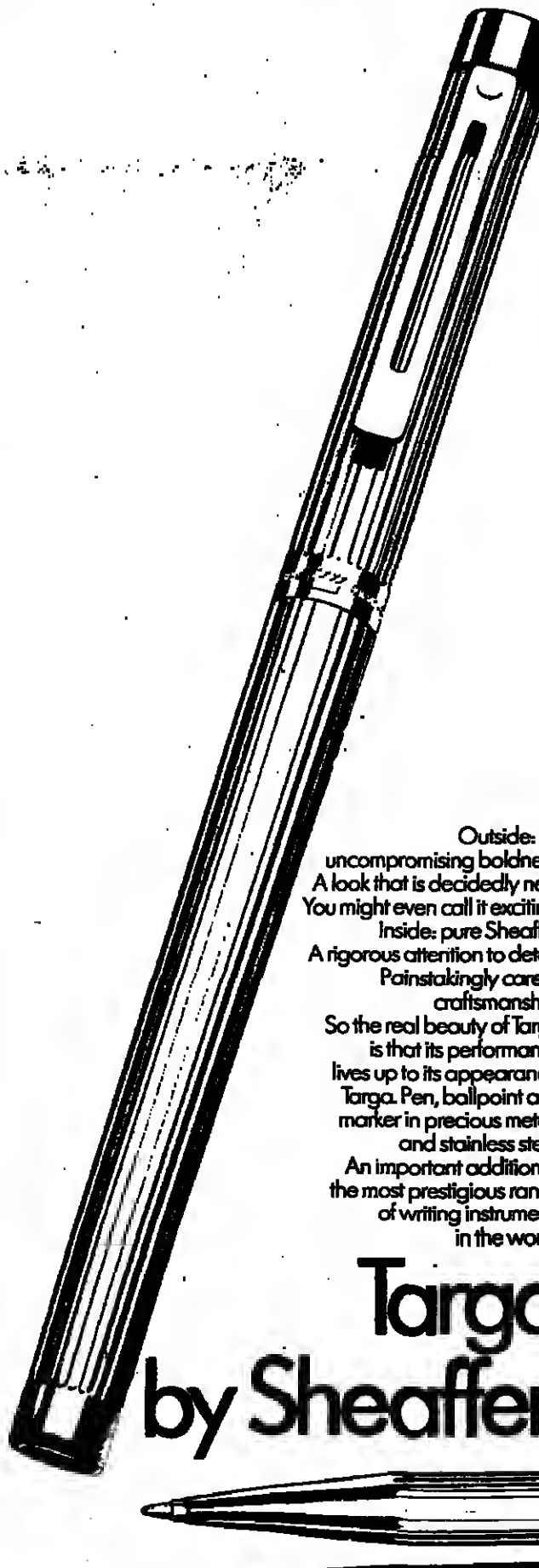
TORREN MAERSK	KANOO	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9
RAUNFELS	ALIREZA	CONTS/RO-RO	12/9
PATRICIA	ALIREZA	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9
LAMTONG CHAU	U.E.P.	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9

Vessel Expected Within 24 HRS:

EVERMORE	KANOO		
ASCENDENT	KANOO		
ARAGRACE	KANOO		
NEDDLOYD	KANOO		
STEENKERK	KANOO		
IBN AL HAITHAM	ORRI		
MARIYA (2ND CALL)	KANOO		
LEDA MAERSK	BARBER		
BAJKA	BARBER		
TORO - 30A	S.A.I.T.E.		
HUNTER	KANOO		
SALAH ALDEEN	REZAYAT		
SAN PEDRO	REZAYAT		

TONNAGE DISCHARGED: 38,659
WAITING TIME: NIL

Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.



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VESSELS MOVEMENTS AT JEDDAH SEAPORT UPTO THE MORNING OF THE 12th SEP. 1978

Berth	Vessel	Agent	Cargo	Arr. Date
1A	HELLENIC EXPLORER	ALPHA	RO-RO	11/9
2	MARE BOREALE	STAR NAV.	FRUITS	10/9
3	PETRA	ALSAADA	PIPES/RICE	9/9
4	NOVAYA KHAKOVKA	A.E.T.	TIMBER	9/9
5	BEAUFORT CAREER	S.E.A.	PLYWOOD/GEN./WIRE MESH	9/9
6	UNION BOSTON	O.C.E.	GEN/CONTAINERS	11/9
7	CHAR HWA	ABDULLAH	MOBILE HOUSES	2/9
8	IBN ABDOUN	KANOO	GEN/CONTAINERS	7/9
9	AL ODAILIAH	KANOO	CONTR./GEN./STEEL CONTAINERS	12/9
10	LAURA	STAR NAV.	FRUITS/CHICKENS	9/9
11	MITERA STELLA	S.E.A.SIA	BAGGED CEMENT	5/8
12	GOLDEN ARABIA	ABDULLAH	GEN./PLYWOOD	2/9
13	DANIELA	RED SEA	GEN./CONTAINERS	8/9
14	TIZI NTEST	O.C.E.	FROZEN POULTRY	5/9
15	MEDECIMENT CARRIER	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	30/8
16	GRENA	AL SABAH	BULK CEMENT	1/9
17	HAPPUSAN MARU	ALATAS	BAGGED CEMENT	28/8
18	MINI LOTUS	ROLACO	BAGGED CEMENT	8/9
19	FER JAMAICA	GULF	BAGGED CEMENT	5/9
20	FILIPINAS SAUDI 1	ORRI	HOTEL SHIP	22/8
21	BARGES EX STONEWALL JACKSON	A.E.T.	FLOUR/GEN./RICE	10/9
22	ANATOLIA	BARBER	SOFT BOARD/HARD BOARD CREOSOTED	11/9
23	REIMA	EL HAWI	KAHA CANES/ MEDICAL COTTON	10/9
24	MUSASHI MARU	ALIREZA	CARS	10/9
25	BANGLAR MITA	S.C.S.A.	CREOSOTED POLES/LUB. OIL/GENERAL	10/9
26	KETTY	O.C.E.	CHICKENS	27/8
27	LUCKY TWO	ORRI	SORGHUM/GENERAL	29/8

Ro-Ro

PROSPER WORLD	A.E.T.	CARS	12/9
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Vessels Arrived During Past 24 HRS:

HELLENIC EXPLORER	ALPHA	RO RO	11/9
UNION BOSTON	O.C.E.	CONTR./M.HOUSES/ GEN.	11/9
THULELAND	BARBER	SESAMESEEDS/ COFFEE PUMPKINS	11/9
ATHINOULA	BARBER	SOFT BOARD/HARD BOARD/ CREOSOTED POLES	11/9
PROSPER WORLD	AET	CARS	12/9
AL ODAILIAH	KANOO	CONTAINERS	12/9

Vessels Expected During Next 24 HRS:

TOR DANIA	FAYEZ	RO RO	12/9
CONON FOREST	MEDCO	CONTAINERS	12/9
GISMATALLAH	O.C.E.	DARI SEED IN BAGS	12/9
STRATHKEITH	KANOO	CONTAINERS	12/9
JOLLY MARKUNE	ABDULLAH	RO RO	12/9
MERZARIO HISPANIA	A.E.T.	RO RO	12/9
ALPHA ENTERPRISE	AL GOSAIBI	RO RO	12/9

TOTAL DISCHARGE OF THE PREVIOUS DAY
FREIGHT TONS 49,564 WAITING TIME: NIL

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A SORE POINT

The deteriorating security conditions in Lebanon are exerting increasing pressures on the political situation. Once more, observers fear that the on-off civil war may blow up in grand fashion.

The sore point this time is the extension of the mandate of the Arab Deterrent Force, a Syrian-dominated body bitterly resisted by the rightist militias. The militias, who accuse the Syrians of 'occupation', have been involved in intermittent heavy exchanges with the Syrian troops especially in and around Beirut. Now, three Christian ministers have approached the president of the republic and threatened to resign if the peace force mandate is extended. It is not clear if the ministers really want the force to withdraw completely or if they are bargaining to change its terms of reference. The militias are known to be seeking a pullout of Syrian forces from Christian areas so the ministers may be only demanding that.

The position of the ministers is neither clear in more important ways: Does their position reflect their own conviction? Does it reflect street pressures on them? Or is it the result of coordination on the highest level of authority to strengthen the hand of the president against the Syrians?

The truth will eventually be known but for the time being one observer's guess is as good as the other's. What is known is that the Syrians will not accept any conditions on the presence of their forces in Lebanon. Their position has been made clear in repeated statements which have underlined that Syria has sent its forces to Lebanon as a result of Arab consensus and in agreement with the Lebanese government.

The Syrians say that their forces will withdraw the minute the Lebanese government requests them to. But this is only a gamble: The Lebanese government cannot handle security affairs on its own so it will not ask the Syrians to withdraw. And assuming that it does, there can be no doubt that it will be split among its members with ministers taking opposing sides.

Changing the force's terms of reference is a more plausible proposition. But the Syrians will resist it. President Hafez Assad and President Elias Sarkis had not met before the Syrian president flew to Bonn despite the seriousness of the situation. It has been rumored that the Syrian president does not want a meeting before the mandate of the peace force is extended. He fears that he may become involved in a hassle over the force's terms of reference. He neither wants to embarrass himself nor President Sarkis.

At any rate, conditions are normally imposed by the stronger party on the weaker party. The Syrian forces in Lebanon are not weak despite the unfounded rumors to the contrary. They can take on any or all the warring groups in Lebanon and are currently in a good position to attack. The rightist militias want them to at least leave their areas but if they do they will have weakened their military position for no reason.

The spark may come from Camp David after all. The success or failure of the peace conference will reflect on Lebanon. In either case there will be parties in the country which are opposed to the result. The Israelis themselves may bring the situation to a boil if the conference fails and they encounter trouble with the Carter administration. The Palestinians will be wary of any agreement. The Syrians will have even more reason to look askance at any peace deal at Camp David. And that is without having to go into the repercussions of failure.

saudi press review

Writing from Camp David, "Al-Medina" said that it is not difficult "for us to be sure of Jewish designs and dexterity in procrastination, fabrication and lying".

No one can be more serious than stealing a whole country, trying to give the theft a veneer of legalism and condemning the victim.

"We know this fact well and believe that coming generations will not see the matter any differently."

President Carter will now be in a position to see how far Israel is serious about peace in the Middle East. As for Arabs, nothing can be more important to them than to convene a meeting of their own to assess the situation.

An Arab summit seems to

have become inevitable, since the Arabs have much to hear from and say to President Sadat. They need to be able to map out a comprehensive Arab strategy to help them confront the challenge, the paper said.

In an editorial on Japanese Premier Fukuda's current visit to Saudi Arabia, "Al-Bilad" said that Japan was in a position to give a new boost to peace efforts in the region by virtue of her strong economic and political relations with the countries of the world.

The current situation demanded this type of action since it was almost certain that Zionist intransigence had put the Camp David peace talks in a stalemate.

Talks between Fukuda and the King may turn out to be a decisive step on the course Japan might adopt to serve the cause of peace and to support Arab stance in a conflict which has already posed a serious threat to world security. The two countries common belief in peace as a strong factor in preserving "makes us look at the historic talks as a vital opportunity to realize the aspirations of the peoples of the region, in fact of the whole world, for peace and stability."

A commentator in "Al-Jazirah" wondered whether anyone would ever be able to solve the problem of escalating prices in Riyadh's fruit and vegetable markets.

Despite the availability of

every kind of fruit and vegetables, shopkeepers insist on charging fantastic prices, so much so that sometimes they even have to throw away rotten goods they cannot sell at their overripe prices.

There was much talk about price-fixing, but lack of coordination among the authorities encouraged traders to fix the prices as they please, while at the same time the poor farmer does not get his due.

The writer claimed that the capital's traders excelled their colleagues in other parts of the Kingdom in greed and price-hiking. He wished they were dealt with an iron hand.



The interview: Well, maybe we didn't mean that bit in the advertisement about preference for Saudis.

'War by other means'

By Eric Silver

CAIRO—President Anwar Sadat has rejected any "partial solutions or separate settlements" to the Middle East conflict, but this is not necessarily Egypt's last word on Menhem Begin's proposal for a "permanent partial settlement," if the more ambitious target proves beyond reach at the Camp David summit conference.

Much will depend on how the Israelis present their ideas. A member of Sadat's negotiating team said that Egypt would consider them, so long as they were clearly labelled as a step towards a comprehensive peace.

The Egyptians prepared for Camp David on the assumption that President Jimmy Carter will be a full partner and not just a mediator. They hardly expect a major breakthrough in the dialogue, which has made little headway since Sadat's Jerusalem visit last November, but they hope the summit will open the way to further talks.

In private, Egyptian officials warn visitors that Sadat's patience is limited, and that the Arabs might yet be obliged to wave the oil weapon if Carter does not come up trumps.

They suggest that Washington must bear in mind irrational factors, as well as strictly commercial considerations. Whether or not this is mere bluff the Americans will have to calculate for themselves.

Dr. Butros Ghali, Egypt's deputy foreign minister, has reiterated that Cairo's objective remains a "comprehensive and lasting peace." It could not afford a bilateral agreement or a fragmentary peace.

Asked about Begin's idea of a partial agreement, if full peace proved unattainable for the time

being, Dr. Ghali replied: "We have no objection to reaching a comprehensive settlement through a different kind of approach. If this will be just a method to reach a comprehensive settlement, we have no objection, but if it will be just a step towards a bilateral approach, we will refuse it."

Whatever the components of a partial agreement, Egypt would need a declaration of principles on the Palestinian issue, Dr. Ghali insisted, though he acknowledged that it had no mandate from the Palestinians to negotiate on matters of detail.

In spite of hints Sadat was reported to have dropped in talks during July with the Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, and the Labor opposition leader, Shimon Peres, there is no sign of Egyptian flexibility on the territorial issue, or on the maintenance of an Israeli military presence beyond its borders after an evacuation.

Underlying this Egyptian position is a steady refusal to descend into the market place. By going to Jerusalem it is argued, Sadat broke the mould. He offered recognition and peace. Now it is up to Israel to come to terms. The Egyptians accept Israel's need for safeguards, but distinguish between security and territory.

Other Egyptian officials contend that Israel has already gained considerably from the Sadat initiative. The Camp David talks, they say, will confront the leaders of Israel and the United States with two key questions: Where does the peace process go now? And what happens if the initiative fails?

Apart from the resonances of the Sadat visit to Jerusalem itself, they argue Israel has gained at least five benefits.

The Middle East conflict has been removed from the Cold War into the orbit of exclusive U.S. diplomacy. The problem has been taken out of the hands of the United Nations, where Israel is outgunned. The way has been opened for a gradual approach. The Palestine Liberation Organization has been left out of an active role — at least for the time being — and a chance has been created for a more moderate Palestinian contribution. Israel has been given an opportunity to face a settlement with the Arab states in sequence, rather than all at the same time.

It is recognized here, however, that this may well not be enough to soften Begin's posture at Camp David. This is so, some Egyptians already hinting of dire consequences for the West. According to one scenario, Egypt would take the conflict back to the United Nations, asking the Security Council to define what it meant by secure borders in resolution 242 of November 1967. The Arab would sponsor a new resolution specifying that it excluded occupation.

The objective would be not only to generate pressure on Israel, but to challenge the Americans, whose veto alone has often saved Israel from the harsher forms of censure. It is in this context that some Egyptians are now toyed with the oil weapon, if Israel is maneuvering into a demonstrably negative stance at the summit.

"The U.S. itself will become the object of Arab counter measures," one official suggested. "It will create a new status quo in which the U.S. will have to express its displeasure at Israel policy." Not for nothing has the definition of diplomacy as "war by other means" become the catch phrase of Cairo political circles. — (G)

Mines reopen in Kolwezi

By David Lamb

KOLWEZI — Mining of copper and cobalt has been resumed in Shaba province, baffling the skeptics who doubted that Zairian workers had the ability to restore production after the rebel attack on Kolwezi, the provincial capital.

The state-controlled mines were closed for more than a month following the six-day occupation of Kolwezi in mid-May by Angola-based Katangese guerrillas. All but a handful of the Europeans employed at the mines fled Zaire in the resultant chaos that claimed the lives of 136 whites and 700 Africans.

Many reports at the time indicated that the flooded mines would be unproductive for up to a year, at least until the Europeans returned to staff key positions in metallurgy and maintenance. The mining company, Gécamines, employs 1,270 Europeans in its work force of 35,500.

About 25 per cent of Kolwezi's copper and cobalt comes from underground mines — the rest comes from open-pit mines — and, as it turned out, damage was not as extensive as the first estimates indicated. What could have been an economic disaster for Zaire was averted when electricity was restored to Kolwezi before rising water in the mines reached the pumps.

Official government reports said that copper and cobalt production in June and July reached nearly pre-invasion levels, although independent economists say that production remains at least 50 per cent below capacity. The renewed production represents a source of great national pride in Zaire, which wants to reduce its dependence on Europeans

in the mines.

"The big thing now is maintenance," a Belgian mine expert said. "Yes, they got the mines going but can they keep them going?"

Last year Gécamines produced 480,000 tons of copper and 15,000 tons of cobalt. Copper provides about 70 per cent of Zaire's foreign exchange and 75 per cent of its tax revenue. Partly because of the attack on Kolwezi, copper prices rose slightly on the London metals exchange to 64 cents a pound, still a long way from the \$1.50 a pound of 1974.

The slump in copper prices is one reason for Zaire's economic crisis. Another reason is a debt to international creditors of \$3 billion. Debt payments were rescheduled in 1976 and 1977 and five Western nations — the United States, France, Britain, Belgium and West Germany — are currently putting together an economic rescue operation for the potentially wealthy nation. The government already has received an initial payment of \$100 million to meet short-term commitments.

Zaire hopes the consortium of Western nations will soon release \$218 million they have authorized for emergency economic assistance. According to the conditions of that loan, Zaire's interest payments on other loans must be current before the money is released. Zaire owes \$280 million in various interest charges, meaning it would have to pay \$280 million to get \$218 million.

Other ramifications of the economic crisis: Air Zaire's Boeing 747 has been repossessed by creditors. Air Zaire pilots must pay for fuel with hard currency at European airports and must travel with suitcases of cash. Only collect telephone

calls can be made overseas from Zaire because the government owes millions to the International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation.

The United States has given Zaire about \$500 million in economic assistance since independence from Belgium in 1960. U.S. aid currently runs about \$30 million a year, but as U.S. officials in Kinshasa admit, it is difficult to see the results of that money.

American food given to the government regularly finds its way across the Congo River to Brazzaville, the Congo, where it is sold for hard currency. The deteriorating economic conditions have led to public restiveness and considerable disenchantment with President Mobutu Sese Seko.

Mobutu has moved to reconcile his differences with neighboring Zambia and Angola. One result is that Zaire and Angola have agreed to reopen the 2,000 kilometer Benguela Railway that runs from the Angolan port of Lobito to Zaire's mining regions. The railway was closed in 1975 because of the Angola civil war. Its reopening will enable Zaire to transport a two-year stockpile of manganese valued at \$40 million.

Another uncertainty — possibly a victim — of the economic crisis is a \$500 million hydroelectric project, undertaken by Morrison Knudsen International, an American company. The project, begun in 1974 and scheduled for completion in 1981, needs \$120 million to continue and there are questions about Zaire's ability to raise the money.

The project will generate electricity at the Inga Rapids near Kinshasa and transmit it 1,680 kilometers to Kolwezi. — (LAT)

A call for U.S. energy action

By John C. Sawhill

(The writer is president of New York University and former U.S. energy administrator.)

NEW YORK —

As the largest energy-consuming nation in the world, the United States should be leading the way in establishing energy priorities and proposing policy alternatives. Unfortunately, the Carter administration and the Congress have shown little inclination to agree on a manageable approach.

Sixteen months after President Carter launched his national energy plan, under the banner, "the moral equivalent of war," the energy issue, with one exception, has slipped to the back burner on the congressional list of national priorities. Even the natural gas compromise is now in trouble.

Positive energy events in recent days also tend to confuse the need for positive, immediate action to raise the price of oil and gas consumed in the United States. The exciting fusion energy experiments at Princeton University hold promise for generating electricity from a new, inexhaustible energy source. However, it will probably be the next century before this breakthrough will have impact on our energy supplies.

Encouraging news does not diminish the current situation. Less than two decades ago the United States was self-sufficient in oil supply and was, in fact, a major oil exporter. During the 1970s, this country has become the world's largest net importer of oil, increasingly

dependent upon countries abroad.

Further, President Carter pledged at the recent Bonn summit that the volume of oil imported in 1978 and 1979 should be less than imported in 1977. In order to discourage excessive consumption of oil and encourage the movement toward coal, "the United States remains determined that the prices paid for oil in the United States shall be raised to the world level by the end of 1980."

It is imperative, both to the United States and her allies, that President Carter honor this commitment. A reduced demand on imported oil by the United States would soften prices or minimally reduce their escalation worldwide, while any increase in demand would serve to maintain prices at the current high level or further accelerate their increase.

The pivotal U.S. role is the trust of a study by the Tripartite Commission, a private policy-oriented organization comprised of representatives from 15 European countries, Japan, Canada and the United States. The report concluded that, in energy policy, "the U.S. has not lived up to the leadership role expected of it."

The report, entitled "Energy: Managing the Transition," cites the U.S. policy of maintaining artificially low domestic energy prices as the single most important failure in coping with the worldwide energy problem. However, President Carter has within his power the authority to solve the bulk of this problem, at home, reduce oil imports — the principal factor in the U.S. trade deficit, now approaching a record \$37 billion for 1978 — strengthen the sagging dollar overseas and be an impetus to international efforts to conserve energy. He must now use this authority despite his already increasing unpopularity with the electorate.

Acting under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975, which currently imposes controls on U.S. oil prices, the president is granted discretionary authority, as of June 1 next year, to remove those controls. Taking such action would permit domestic oil prices to rise, perhaps gradually over the following year or so, to the world level. This action would be a bold and difficult step by President Carter, but it is the only means currently at his disposal to come to grips both with the fundamental reality of an "energy crisis" and to keep the commitment made at Bonn.

In fact, the president could initiate this action immediately. The same legislation that requires controls on domestic prices through next June provides flexibility in setting the precise ceiling on those prices. Under current policy, that flexibility is now being exercised to suppress oil prices at level below those required by law.

Ultimately, U.S. oil prices must be raised to the world level. The Tripartite Commission report urges all countries to insure that their oil prices are reflective of world prices but the U.S. is by far the most laggard. The raising of domestic prices to the world level would encourage U.S. oil production, provide incentive for conservation, and curtail imports, thereby helping to alleviate the pressures felt by our allies as well as strengthen the American economy at home.

By exercising the power of the presidency, Carter could by the end of this year, move the price of controlled U.S. crude oil more than \$1.50 a barrel closer to the world price.

Admittedly, such action would be both politically bold and difficult. Higher prices at the gas pump would be generally unpopular and there would be some concern about "windfall profits" to the oil companies.

But there are significant arguments to counter these objections. For one, higher prices are a necessary element in the solution of the energy problem — as both the Tripartite study and the Bonn declaration strongly indicate. And the bulk of the revenues resulting from higher domestic oil prices, 50 per cent or more, would go not to the industry but to the federal and state governments.

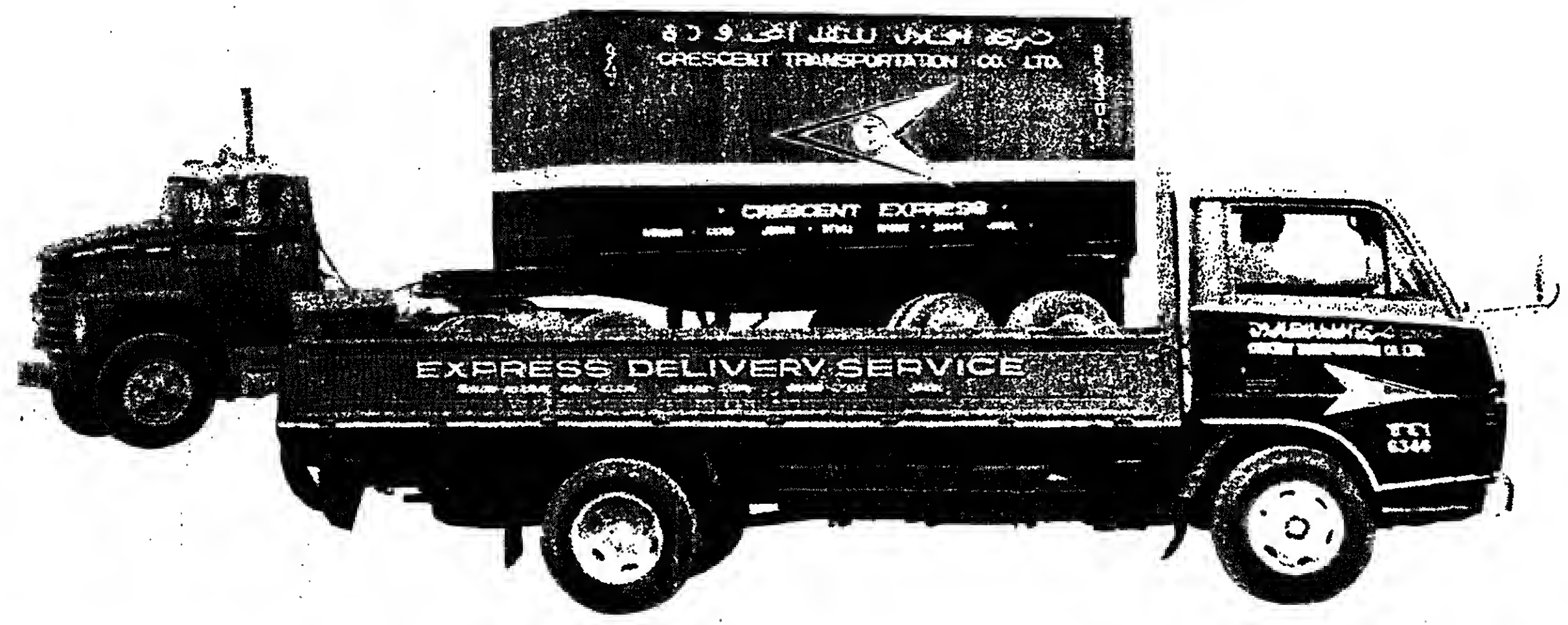
If President Carter still believes in the national energy plan, now is the time for him to act decisively. As long as the U.S. persists in holding its energy prices below levels prevailing in the rest of the world, oil imports will continue to increase. The inevitable result will be continued uncertainty in world financial markets, further erratic fluctuations in the value of the dollar, stagnant economies in most of the industrialized democracies of the West and the mounting danger of political unrest throughout the world, and particularly in the less developed countries.

The key to a broad based economic recovery in the West is the development of a comprehensive U.S. energy policy. — (NYT)

Handwritten note: *July 1978*

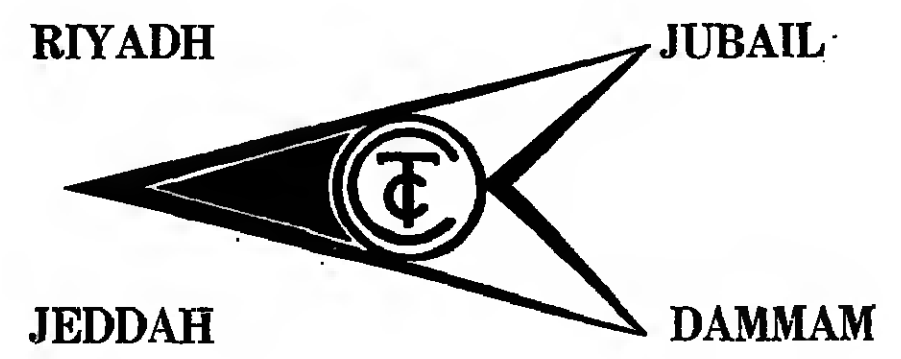
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B.C.

I FOUND THIS BAG OF CLAMS. DID YOU LOSE THEM?

AS A MATTER OF FACT I DID! THANKS.

WELL?

WELL WHAT?

WHAT ABOUT THE REWARD?

IT'S HARD TO BELIEVE ANYONE SO STUPID WOULD THINK ABOUT A REWARD.

SMALL SOCIETY

HOO-BOY! THEY'VE RAISED THE DEBT LIMIT AGAIN -

WE NEVER GET THROUGH PAYING FOR SOMETHING FOR NOTHING -

BEEBLE BAILEY

SOMEONE'S BEEN RAISING THE MESS TENT. CAN I USE OTTO AS A WATCHDOG?

IT WOULDN'T HELP.

THIS WORLD IS MADE UP OF WATCHERS OR PARTICIPANTS.

AND I'M AFRAID OTTO'S A PARTICIPANT.

BLONDIE

I JUST CAN'T GET TO SLEEP!

WHEN I WAS A BOY MY MOTHER ALWAYS READ ME A BEDTIME STORY.

AND THE LITTLE PIG SAID, NO, NO - NOT BY THE HAIR OF MY CHINNY CHIN.

I HOPE THIS ISN'T THE BEGINNING OF A TREND!

HAGAR

THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE HOME.

BUT WHY COMPLAIN?

WIZARD

WHAT HAPPENED TO THE KING?

HE THREW HIS BACK OUT.

WHY DOESN'T HE SEE A DOCTOR?

SO FAR, HE'S FOUND THREE DUMES AND A NICKEL.

Dennis the Menace

WHY WOULD ANYBODY WRITE A WHOLE OPERA ABOUT SOAP?

Believe It or Not!

AN ENTIRE FLOCK OF SHEEP WAS REQUIRED IN THE 1100S TO PRODUCE ONE BOOK EACH PAGE WAS LAMBSKIN, CLEANED AND DEGREASED SO IT COULD BE WRITTEN UPON.

A COBBLER IN 17TH CENTURY FRANCE ADVERTISED HIS TRADE BY WEARING ON HIS BERET A PIECE OF HIDE WITH THE HORN STILL ATTACHED.

KING CHARLES II (1630-1685) OF ENGLAND HAD NO LEGITIMATE CHILDREN BUT FATHERED 15 ILLEGITIMATE SONS AND DAUGHTERS.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

1. Victim's
5. Assert
10. Nevada city
11. Obvious
12. Ancient
14. Denver
15. Unclutter
17. Not plump
18. Tennis ace
19. Dismiss
20. Family
21. Wonder
22. D.C. legis.
24. Spoil
25. Asian river
26. Camper's gear
29. Cheer
30. Cowpoke's
31. Cheer
32. Powder
33. Key
34. Oscar
35. Casino
36. Intellect
37. Intact
38. Suffix
39. Rigid
40. Require

DOWN

1. Worked on
2. Term papers
3. Bring to
4. Gaffe
6. Delusion
7. Part of a
8. Success
9. Principles
10. Suits
11. Mortise
12. Convict
13. Laundry
16. Symbol of
17. Athletic
18. Success
19. Court
20. Suits
21. Mortise
22. Convict
23. Gorge
24. Spoil
25. Asian river
26. Camper's gear
29. Cheer
30. Cowpoke's
31. Cheer
32. Powder
33. Key
34. Oscar
35. Casino
36. Intellect
37. Intact
38. Suffix
39. Rigid
40. Require

Yesterday's Answer

1. Symbol of 2. Drive, success 3. Clive 4. Lake Geneva's 5. Decree 6. Forest 7. Giant 8. Not 9. Is

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, K for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

QXM QNRR EMV FB HEWNTSB
YDAV XOTB OA YOEZ BZBA
OA XONIA ME XNA XBOH. -
PBIYOE LIMTBIF

Yesterday's Cryptquote: TO FEAR LOVE IS TO FEAR LIFE, AND THOSE WHO FEAR LIFE ARE ALREADY THREE PARTS DEAD. -BERTRAND RUSSELL

Contract Bridge

Strike When the Iron Is Hot

East dealer.
East-West vulnerable.

NORTH

♠ K 10 9 2
♥ A 8
♦ A J 7 5
♣ J 10 6

EAST

♠ Q 8 7 4
♥ 10 4
♦ K 8 3
♣ 8 5 4 3

SOUTH

♠ A 5
♥ Q 9 8
♦ Q 10 9 4
♣ A Q 8 2

The bidding:

East South West North
Pass 1♣ Pass 1♠
Pass 1NT Pass 3NT

Opening lead - five of hearts.

South is in three notrump and West leads a heart. Declarer wins East's ten with the queen and is immediately faced with a crucial decision. The natural tendency is to play the queen of diamonds at this point and finesse. After it loses to East's king and a heart is returned, South must sooner or later try a club finesse. This finesse also loses and the contract goes down two.

Declarer may think he is downright lucky to lose a contract where he started with the odds 3-to-1 in his favor - but such things do happen from time to time. Much more

pertinent, though, is the question of whether or not South played the hand correctly.

The fact of the matter is that he didn't. He unfortunately wound up in his own hand at trick one and, as a result, succumbed to the temptation of a diamond finesse.

Instead, South should have played a spade to dummy's king and taken a club finesse. The reason for choosing a club finesse ahead of a diamond finesse is that it takes direct aim at destroying West's potential club entry before his hearts are established.

Had declarer attempted the club finesse first, he would have made the contract - even though both finesses were doomed to fail. West could still have established his hearts, but with his entry card gone they would have withered on the vine.

Declarer's view from the start should be that if either minor suit king is favorably placed, nine tricks are certain. All his efforts should therefore be geared to the assumption that both kings are located unfavorably.

When this is the actual case, taking the diamond finesse first cannot possibly gain, but finessing the club first will occasionally (whenever West led from a six-card suit) prove to be the only winning method of play.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

WEDNESDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	4:55	6:13	12:24	3:49	6:30	8:00
Medina	4:53	6:11	12:25	3:52	6:31	8:01
Nejd	4:24	5:44	11:54	3:23	6:01	7:31

DHAHRAN TV

Time	Program	Channel
3:30	Childrens Show	Mr. Rogers No. 1224, Zoom
5:00	Man from Atlantis	Mr. 432
5:40	Jokers Wild	IMP
6:00	Welcome BK. Kotter	No. 493
6:30	Harry-O	No. 208 Checken Ala Kotter
7:20	Health Education	Mysterious Case
7:25	Baretta	Do it for them Mother
8:25	Second run Theater	Playin police
		Luv

WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:
Moderate summer weather will prevail over most parts of the Kingdom, but will tend to be hot over the northern and southwestern highlands, while surface winds will blow northeasterly to northwesterly at moderate speed.
Sea conditions will be moderate to light in the territorial waters.

Tuesday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade):

Location	Max	Min	Location	Max	Min
Mecca	38	27	Taif	33	20
Jeddah	34	27	Tabuk	37	22
Riyadh	38	24	Araf	42	20
Dhahran	37	24	Bisha	35	22
Medina	41	26	K. Mesheir	29	09

SAUDI RADIO

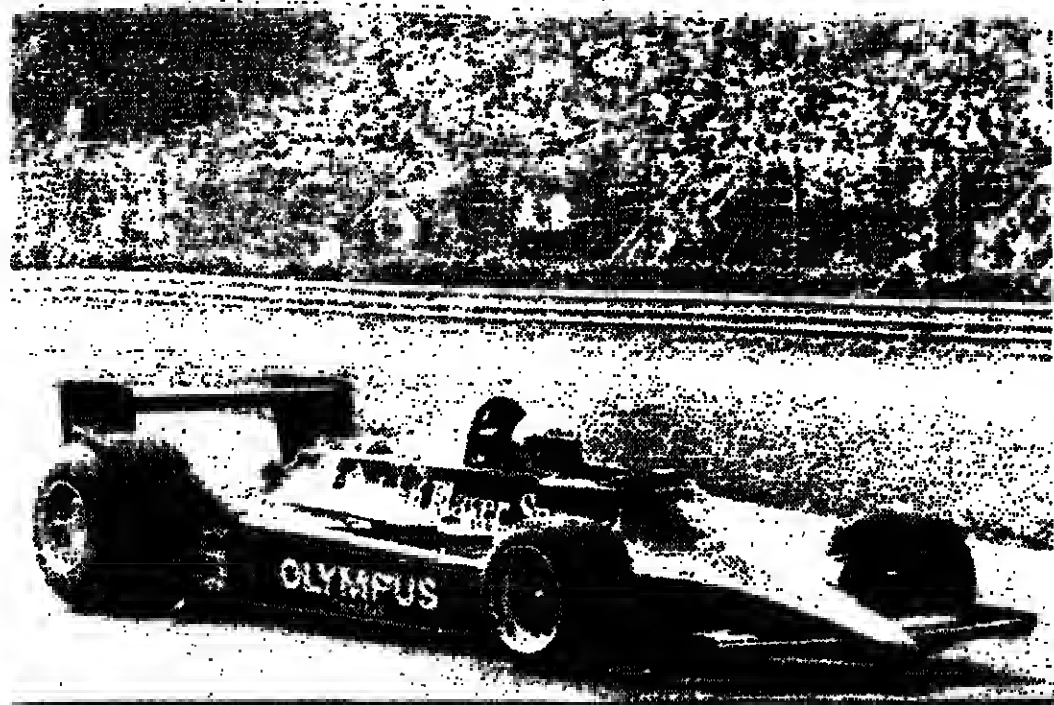
Time	Program	Time	Program
2:00	Opening	10:00	Opening
2:01	The Holy Quran	10:10	The Holy Quran
2:05	Gems of Guidance	10:05	Reflections on Fasting
2:10	S.A. - A Daily Chronicle	10:10	Light Music
2:15	Flashes of Knowledge	10:15	NEWS
2:30	On Islam	10:25	S.A. - A Daily Chronicle
2:40	Arabic Song	10:30	Music Roundabout
2:50	Reflections on Fasting	11:00	Salvation
2:55	Music	11:10	Press Review
3:00	NEWS	11:15	Sound Sweet and Strange
3:10	Press Review	11:45	Heritage a Modern Touch
3:15	Music	12:00	Programmes in Focus
3:20	How the West was Sung	12:15	Classical Music
		12:45	A Rendezvous with Dreams
3:50	Close Down	12:59	Close Down

VOA

Time	Program	Time	Program
8:00	News Roundup	12:30	VOA Magazine
8:05	Reports: Actualities	12:35	America: Science; Cultural; Letter
8:30	Dateline	11:00	Special English; News
9:00	News Summary	11:30	Music USA: (Jazz)
9:05	Special English: News; Feature, The Making of a Nation		
9:30	Music USA: (Standards)		
10:00	News Roundup		
10:05	Reports: Actualities		
10:15	Opinion; Analyses		

BBC

Time	Program	Time	Program
4:00	World News	10:00	World News
4:05	Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	10:05	World News
4:30	World Radio Club	10:10	World News
4:45	A Jolly Good Show	10:15	World News
5:30	Talkabout	10:20	World News
6:00	Radio Newsreel	10:25	World News
6:15	Outlook	10:30	World News
7:00	World News	10:35	World News
7:05	Commentary	10:40	World News
7:15	"Opera Star"	10:45	World News
7:45	World Today	10:50	World News
8:00	World News	10:55	World News
8:05	"Book Choice"	11:00	World News
8:15	"Discovery"	11:05	World News
8:45	Sports Round-up	11:10	World News
9:00	World News	11:15	World News
9:05	News about Britain	11:20	World News
9:15	Radio Newsreel	11:25	World News
10:00	Outlook: News Summary	11:30	World News
10:30	"Sarah Ward"	11:35	World News
10:45	"Report on Religion"	11:40	World News
11:00	World News	11:45	World News
11:05	Reflections	11:50	World News
11:10	World Radio Club	11:55	World News
11:15	Benjamin Britten as Composer and Performer	12:00	World News
11:30	Benjamin Britten as Composer and Performer	12:05	World News
12:00	World News	12:10	World News
12:05	British Press Review	12:15	World News
12:15	World Today	12:20	World News
12:30	Financial News	12:25	World News
12:40	Look Ahead	12:30	World News
12:45	World News	12:35	World News
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9:35	World News	21:25	World News



ANDRETTI AT MONZA: Will race again this year despite teammate's death.

Peterson — the end of a career

By P. Warner
MILAN, Italy—A young man with blond hair lies in a small-walled room at Milan's Obituary clinic.

Sunday morning, Ronnie Peterson was the second member of the powerful Lotus Formula One team. Sunday afternoon he was badly injured in a crash that might have been avoided.

Monday morning he was dead.

The 34-year-old Swede died Monday after a four-hour operation after his crushed leg provoked blood clots and a kidney failure.

The operation began shortly after midnight at Milan's Niguarda Hospital, where Peterson was taken after his gold and black Lotus got the worst of a 10-car pileup at the Italian Grand Prix.

Throughout the night, a team of doctors led by a British specialist worked to piece together the eight leg fractures

Peterson sustained in the accident.

As dawn broke they thought they had succeeded. Peterson's condition was improving and his blood was slowly filtering back into the injured limb.

But at 6.45 a.m. the complications started.

Clots began forming in the

major arteries of his legs. Peterson's kidneys began failing. His brain was impeded by clots.

At 9 a.m., Lotus team manager Colin Chapman who had seen two world champions—Jim Clark and Jochen Rindt—die in crashes called the hospital.

Milan launches inquiry into Monza pileup

MILAN, Italy, Sept. 12 (AP) — The Milan deputy state attorney has summoned an Italian race driver and the starter of Sunday's ill-fated Grand Prix for questioning in connection with the 10-car pileup that took the life of Swedish driver Ronnie Peterson.

Attorney Armando Spataro said he wanted to talk to Riccardo Patrese and Gianni Restelli, who is also director of the Monza track.

Spataro also plans to call

James Hunt, Clay Regazzoni and other drivers involved in the pileup after the start of the Italian Grand Prix.

Hunt, whose McLaren struck Peterson's Lotus after colliding with another racer, was the first to rush to help the blond-haired Swede and drag him out of the burning car.

Peterson died in a Milan hospital Monday morning following kidney and lung complications due to severe

Drivers protest layout

multiple leg fractures suffered in the accident.

Restelli, 61, has been accused by some drivers of giving an irregular start. They claim cars in the back of the pack had not yet stopped after the warm-up lap, causing the pile-up at a chicane immediately after the starting straight.

Restelli said in an interview he did not feel responsible for the early start of some drivers, adding that none of the international inspectors of the sports commission noticed anything irregular in the start.

Patrese, the 24-year-old rising star of Italian auto racing, also rejected any responsibility for the accident on the grounds he had already sped ahead when the collisions started.

Several other drivers have

said it was Patrese's car that struck Hunt's.

Protests Peterson's death unleashed a wave of criticism against the Monza circuit.

Italy's widely circulated daily "Corriere Della Sera" declared in a frontpage headline "Peterson, a driver sacrificed to the useless rite of Monza."

Former world champions Niki Lauda and Emerson Fittipaldi also sharply criticized the 56-year-old layout.

Peterson's teammate and new world champion Mario Andretti said: "It's pure folly to continue racing on a course like that when it narrows down only 200 yards from the starting line."

The investigating judge will view a television tape of the start of the race before mak-

ing any decision about possible responsibilities in the accident.

Vittorio Brambilla of Italy suffered a fractured skull in the pileup, but his condition was said to be improving slightly. A spokesman for Niguarda hospital said Brambilla could be fed by mouth and he answered questions Monday night.

The Swede's Lotus and the Surtees of Brambilla suffered the greatest damage after crashing into each other.

Ironically, Peterson had earned his greatest honors at Monza and was trying for a record fourth victory in the Italian GP.

He had survived an earlier crash Sunday when he ran off the track at full speed in a warmup lap and smashed his Lotus.

Andretti, new No. 2 to race in U.S. GP

WATKINS GLEF, New York, Sept. 12 (AP) — Despite the death Sunday night of teammate Ronnie Peterson in the Italian Grand Prix, new world driving champion Mario Andretti and an unnamed Lotus No. 2 driver will compete in the U.S. Grand Prix here Oct. 1.

In a joint statement Monday, USGP Race Director Malcolm Currie and Bernie Ecclestone, head of the Formula One Constructors' Association, repeated

the Lotus commitment to compete.

There had been speculation that Andretti would race no more this year or finish the season as a one-car Peterson's fatal crash.

In Montreal, the designer of the Ile Notre Dame track for the Canadian Grand Prix on Oct. 8 said Monday that the layout poses little chance of the kind of accident that claimed Peterson's life.

Edge Orioles, 5-4

Red Sox regain 1st place in AL East

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (AP) — The Boston Red Sox didn't wait long to regain first place in the American League East.

After losing four straight games to the Yankees and falling into a tie for first with New York, the Red Sox moved one-half game ahead of the 'idle' Yankees with a 5-4 victory over Baltimore Monday.

Jim Rice smashed his 39th and 40th home runs tops in

the major leagues, breaking a 4-4 tie in the eighth inning with the latter shot. Carl Yastrzemski and Butch Hobson also homered for Boston.

Bob Stanley, 14-2, was the winner and Joe Kerrigan, 3-1, lost in relief of Orioles ace Jim Palmer.

Royals 7 A's 2
Rangers 1, Angels 0
Elsewhere in the American League, Kansas City increased

its lead in the West over second-place California to 1½ games as the Royals beat Oakland, 7-2 and Texas shut out the Angels, 1-0.

Darrel Porter cracked two homers and Amos Otis hit one while Mary Pattin hurled a four-hitter after pitching six perfect innings for the Royals.

Ferguson Jenkins three-hit the Angels and moved into the top 10 in all-time strikeouts with 2,984 after fanning five.

Texas' run was scored on Mike Hargrove's fifth-inning RBI single.

Twins 3, White Sox 1
Indians 6-1, Blue Jays 4-7
Roy Smalley's two-run homer powered Minnesota to a 3-1 victory over the White Sox and Cleveland split a doubleheader with Toronto, winning the opener, 6-4, and dropping the nightcap, 7-1.

Phillies 10, Pirates 3
In the national league, Philadelphia extended its lead in the East to five games over the Pirates with a 10-3 triumph.

Bake McBride capped a six-run fifth with a two-run homer and Steve Carlton, who singled in a pair of runs in the fifth, pitched an eight-hitter.

Cubs 9, Mets 4
The Chicago Cubs remained 6½ games back in third place with a 9-4 decision over the Mets. Bobby Murcer smashed a three-run homer and singled twice to extend his consecutive hit break to eight at-bats, two short of the NL record.

Reds 9, Astros 8
A pinch-hit single scored two runs in the bottom of the ninth as Cincinnati trimmed Houston, 9-8. George Foster had a grand slam homer for the Reds.

Expos 3, Cardinals 1
Ross Grimsley pitched 7-1/3 innings of perfect ball before George Hendrick doubled for St. Louis but the Expos won 3-1 for Grimsley's 18th victory. In West Coast action in the NL, Davey Lopes knocked in two runs, Ron Cey had two homers and the Los Angeles Dodgers moved five games ahead of the San Francisco Giants in the West with a 7-2 verdict.

Korchnoi seen to have edge in 21st game

BAGUIO CITY, Philippines Sept. 12 (AP)—Challenger Viktor Korchnoi and defending champion Anatoly Karpov adjourned the 21st game of their World Chess Championship match after 42 moves Tuesday night, with the challenger enjoying a slight advantage.

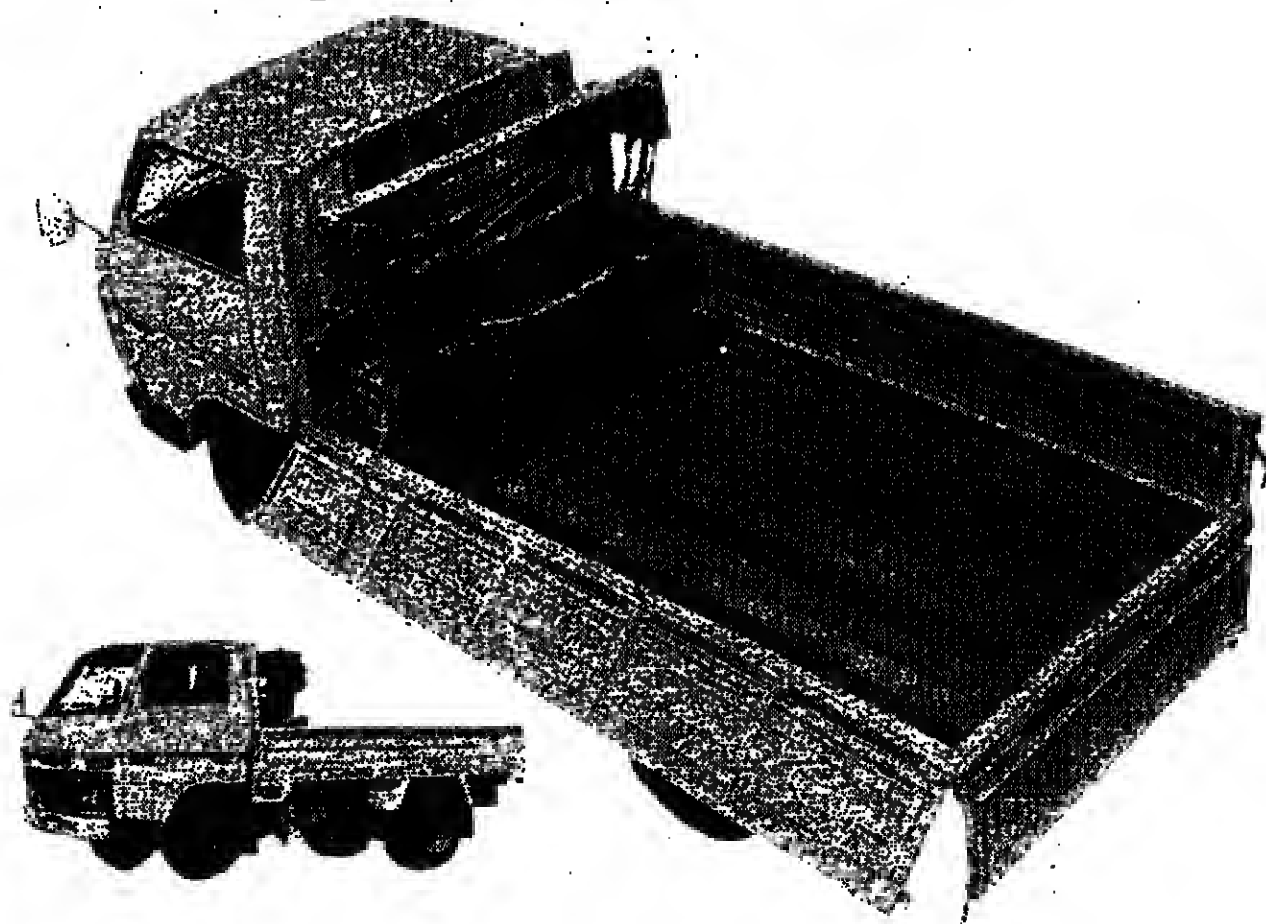
Korchnoi, who was playing white and opened with a pawn to queen's bishop four, sealed his 43rd move after five hours of a queen's gambit declined, a variation both grandmasters played in three previous games, including the 13th which Korchnoi lost.

The game started with the same dull line as the ninth game but took a turn after the 10th move, when the 47-year-old challenger, trailing Karpov with one victory against four, went into an early attack.

"White probably has a winning chance with his better position," said International Master and chess author Harry Golombek of Britain.

The 10th move allowed Korchnoi to launch an attack and trigger an exchange of pieces.

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PAGE 12

Late News

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Rhodesian guerrillas split over all-party conference

LUSAKA, Zambia, Sept. 12 (AP) — Smoldering dissension between the two Rhodesian guerrilla organizations fighting against the Ian Smith regime erupted into open discord Tuesday, raising new hopes for an all-party conference on Rhodesia.

Edgar Tekere, secretary general of the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU) and number three man in the organization, told a hurriedly called news conference that "we are going to an all-party conference."

His statement conflicted with one made the day before here by Joshua Nkomo, leader of the Zimbabwe African People's Union (ZAPU) who told reporters that the all-party conference was "dead and buried."

Both ZANU and ZAPU form the so-called Patriotic Front, the umbrella organization which is supposed to coordinate the political and guerrilla campaign against the government of Smith in Rhodesia.

Nkomo and ZANU leader, Robert Mugabe, are co-leaders of the Patriotic Front.

Tekere, who arrived here Saturday from ZANU headquarters in Mozambique, claimed that he was speaking for the Patriotic Front, not just ZANU.

He gave several indications that Nkomo seemed to be going his own way.

The newspaper, quoting what it termed "well-informed sources," said the warning was delivered to Israel at the end of August.

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Tekere said the position of the Patriotic Front and the Front Line States — those five African countries supporting the guerrilla war — is that all party talks sponsored by Great Britain and the United States must take place.

"That position will not be altered by anyone choosing to behave in a discordant manner and seeming to be preparing to fall prey to Ian Smith," Nkomo said.

Nkomo met secretly here two weeks ago with Smith and the ZANU organization did not attend. Tekere said that ZANU had not been told beforehand of the meeting by Nkomo.

The Mugabe group, according to Western diplomats, is bearing the brunt of the guerrilla war in Rhodesia and has fielded the majority of the estimated 7,000 insurgents in the country.

Tekere indicated to reporters that ZANU did not feel that Nkomo was doing enough to help in the war effort.

Tekere, regarded as one of the most influential members of Mugabe's party, said the Patriotic Front's position was that "the Anglo-American-proposed all-party conference shall have as a basis for discussion the Anglo-American sponsored proposals, an entirely Anglo-American initiative."

He said he had not been able to meet Nkomo since arriving in Lusaka last Saturday to find out why the Zambian-based nationalist had made his statement Monday.

In an apparent reference to Nkomo, Tekere said: "Quite irrespective of what anyone, Patriotic Front or otherwise, might choose to think or tell the world there is no change of position or approach by the Patriotic Front and the Frontline States."

In Rhodesia, meanwhile, Security Police detained Tuesday at least three top aides here of Joshua Nkomo.

There were reports that at least 200 other members of Nkomo's group were arrested in what appeared a country-wide swoop following the shooting down last week of a Rhodesian airliner, for which Nkomo claimed responsibility.

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ARMED AND READY: A National Guardsman keeps watch at an access road to the city of Masaya, scene of fierce fighting between the Guard and leftist guerrillas in Nicaragua.

Fighting engulfs Nicaragua cities

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 12 (AP) — Heavy fighting raged Tuesday in the embattled cities of Masaya, Leon and Esteli. In Masaya National Guard troops were reported advancing house to house under heavy sniper fire to root out leftist guerrillas fighting to overthrow the family dictatorship of President Anastasio Somoza.

Red Cross workers and journalists were barred from entering the city, a rebel stronghold 29 kilometers northwest of Managua, but the sound of heavy gunfire could be heard from the vantage point of a National Guard barricade outside Masaya.

Troops in this capital city, meanwhile, reported discovering what they described as "enormous" caches of rebel weapons as they pressed their search for guerrillas in Managua.

In Masaya late Monday, helicopter gunships strafed the Somoza guerrillas from overhead and Somoza's soldiers dashed from doorway to doorway trying to evade the rifle fire of guerrilla snipers.

There was no letup in the din of machine-gun and rifle fire and bomb explosions. Refugees reported the city of 40,000 was without electricity and running water.

The eyewitnesses said the guerrillas had taken over at least 90 per cent of the city of more than 90,000 residents. Hundreds of people were fleeing from the battle zone, many of them in cars displaying white flags.

Parents tried unsuccessfully to persuade National Guardsmen stationed on the outskirts to let them go into Masaya to find their children who were at school there when the fighting started.

Ambulances were also barred from entering the city, Red Cross sources said. A military source said the rebel weapons caches in Managua included automatic rifles, rockets, home-made noise bombs and Molotov cocktails.

The weapons were found in several rebel hideouts, the source said. Fighting also was reported in the cities of Leon and Esteli, and sporadic shooting and explosions could still be heard in Managua as the capital central market and gas stations closed for the first time in the 18-day-old general strike against Somoza.

Reports from medical sources and visitors to hospitals indicated at least 100 dead in the Managua area, but many of them apparently were brought in from other areas.

Convoys of National Guard trucks and jeeps armed with machine guns passed into Managua Monday evening. A barricade of rocks and debris formed a checkpoint for the National Guard, Nicaragua army, which barred all civilian traffic and kept the city hidden from view behind hills.

The Managua, which last week submerged parts of New De spilled over in eastern Managua, inundating the towns of Balboa, Managua, Kalpi, Shergarh.

The Ganges, battered embankments to Bihar's Mughal District, frustrating wave of anti-flood work and sent about 160,000 people fleeing from hundreds of villages.

Although New Delhi officials said the capital was no longer threatened by new flooding, villages just west of the city were swept by water overflowing from a large storm drain. No casualties were reported.

A woman gave birth in a tent where she and her family sought refuge from the flood in the badly-hit Midnapore district of West Bengal.

From page one

Kingdom

Camp David. During the press conference Fukuda characterized the Middle East as the political center of the world and a focal point in international economic matters.

For the region, he said, the most important factor was the stability of the dollar and the entire world.

Immediately after the conference, Fukuda, Foreign Minister Sunao and other members of the Japanese delegation left Taif by air for Tokyo.

The communiqué also stated that Fukuda's visit involved "a very useful exchange of views with his majesty on the current international situation and Japanese-Saudi relations."

Fukuda extended an invitation to Prince Fahd to visit Japan which was accepted. A date for the visit will be set later. Fahd in turn renewed the standing Saudi invitation to Emperor Hirohito to visit Saudi Arabia.

On the Middle East the communiqué said: "Both sides agreed on the necessity of an early realization of a just and lasting peace in the Middle East for world peace. They recognized that in order that such peace be realized Israel should withdraw from all Arab territories occupied in the 1967 war including the old section of Jerusalem occupied by Israel in that war and should recognize the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people including the right to self-determination in accordance with the U.N. charter."

In an additional sentence with apparent implications for both Israel and Lebanon the communiqué added "the Japanese side affirmed that in order to establish a just and lasting peace it was also necessary to respect the integrity and security of the territories of all countries in the area."

On economic matters Fukuda said he briefed Prince Fahd on Japan's views of the recent Bonn economic summit and repeated Japan's pledge to attempt to reduce its current huge balance of payments surplus as well as to strive for a seven per cent growth rate next year.

One aspect of this growth rate is a forecast five per cent rise in Japanese oil demands. Sources with the Japanese delegation said the two sides had discussed future oil supplies from Saudi Arabia and said they have received assurances that the Kingdom would supply increased amounts of oil in the future.

"Our stockpile of oil is for about three months of our need and we would like to increase it," Fukuda said. "We are a world leading maritime nation, but because of the worldwide economic recession, there is a glut of tankers. So we are storing our oil on the ocean as a floating reservoir." The storage in tankers started this month.

"We are a balance of payments surplus country. We have a large surplus," Fukuda said. "We are trying to reduce it and by reducing our balance of payments surplus we can help stabilize the international currency situation."

Fukuda made clear that the

and Japanese sides wished the talks to continue until the objectives of the two countries are ultimately fulfilled.

Later in the day, King Khalid gave a luncheon at the Royal Palace in honor of Fukuda and his party.

Meanwhile, the Japanese minister of commerce and industry has voiced his country's appreciation for the Kingdom's "responsible" oil behavior.

He was quoted by "Al-Jazeera" Tuesday as saying that the petrochemicals project was one of the most important cooperation schemes between the two countries.

He said that the cost of the project had been estimated at approximately 250 billion yen.

He also said that Japan welcomed foreign investment, while Japanese investments abroad were increasing once again, owing to the country's growing economic weight.

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He told reporters they should be wary of reports claiming that the talks had failed to win concessions from Begir.

Kingdom. Crown Prince Fahd and Fukuda earlier Tuesday discussed the situation in the Middle and Far East, among other world problems and bilateral issues.

Following the 150-minute meeting, which began at 11 a.m., Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal said Fukuda gave a clear picture, during the talks, of the situation in his "sensitive part of the world."

In his turn, Prince Fahd briefed Fukuda on all aspects of the situation in the Arab world.

Prince Saud said Fukuda showed a deep understanding of the Arab stance and of the Arab countries' keen desire to reach a peaceful and just settlement for a problem which now threatened the peace and security of the whole world.

The prince underscored the two sides' identity of views and expectations on all matters discussed.

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Grand Opening in Al khobar

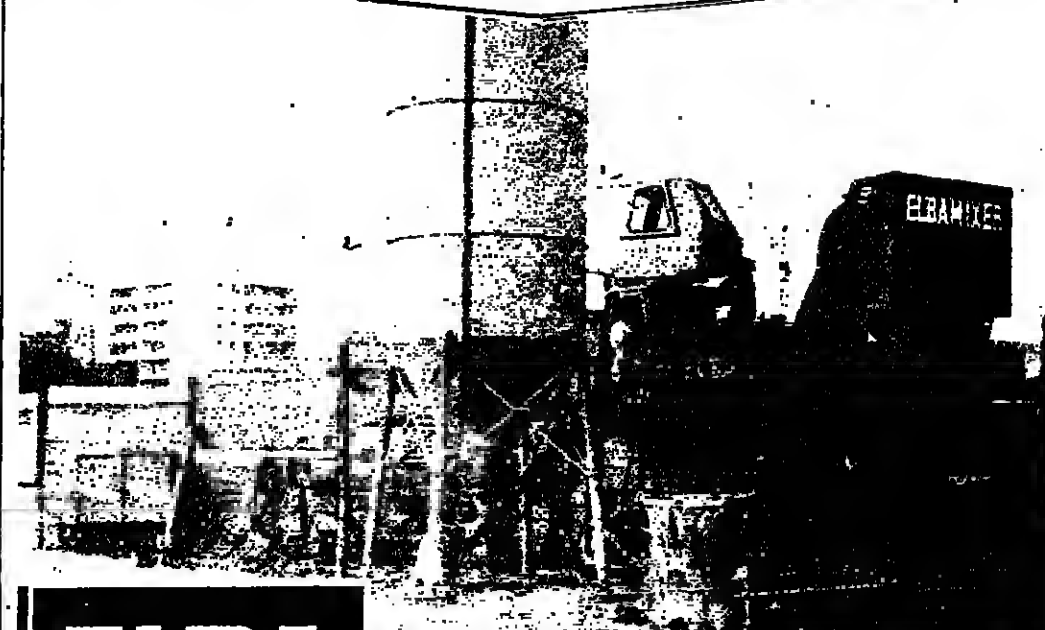
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